#### Mentality : Success factors Dementia Friendly Societies ZonMw Memorabel project

#### Marjolein Thijssen MscOT, PhD candidate Neil Chadborn PhD

Prof. dr. Maud Graff (projectleader) Ramon Daniels PhD (projectleader) Prof. Dr. Ria Nijhuis-van der Sanden Wietske Kuijer PhD Monique Lexis PhD Rianne Jansens. Msc OT José Peeters PhD









# Why?

- Dementia-friendly communities can support social wellbeing for individuals with dementia and care partners
  - Development should match the geography and characteristics of local communities
  - Initiatives should meet the needs of individuals

ZonMv

• How can we best promote this work?









#### **Workpackages Mentality**

<u>WP A:</u>

Understanding which community dementia friendly initiatives work for people with dementia and their caregivers, and why.

Rapid realist review

<u>WP B:</u>

Understanding what matters in developing and sustaining community dementia friendly initiatives and why

Multiple case study



Z U Y D

**>>)** ZonMw



Radboudumc

#### Workpackage B: multiple case study best practices

•What are, according to stakeholders of best practices, the contextual factors, underlying mechanisms and outcomes that play a role in creating and sustaining dementia friendliness in their context, and why?

- Boxtel
- Roermond
- Haarlemmermeer
- Heerenveen
- Sheffield

5 best practice regions of DFC

#### **Research data:**

- Interviews
- Observations
- Documentations / reports / websites
- -• Focus group







## **Selection of cases within the Netherlands**

Selection criteria	Boxtel	Haarlemmermeer	Heerenveen	Roermond
Urban vs rural	Rural	Urban	Rural	Urban
National geographic dispersion	South-east	West	North	South
Level of implementation dementia friendly initiative in years	5 years	2 years	2 years	7 years







## **Data collection Netherlands**

	Boxtel	Haarlemmermeer	Heerenveen	Roermond
Dementia friendly initiative	Intergenerational gardening and adapting physical environment	Alzheimer Café, Odense- housing	Dementia friendly museum	Dementia friendly choir, Dementia friendly library and shared living room for elderly, including persons with dementia.
Interviews total	7	8	11	13
Interviews professionals	5	5	9	11
Interviews volunteers	2	3	2	2
Participating observations total	3	5	1	2
Activities in which was participated	Walking in the garden, watching people and green	lecture and discussion Alzheimer café, board games and reading paper in Odense housing	Choir repetition	Presentation and discussion museum
Documentation	4	5	5	3
Content of documentation	Proposals, policy papers	Evaluations, policy papers	Policy papers	Policy papers
Focusgroup	4	12	9	4

Z U Y D



Alzheimer Centrum Radboudumc

## **Results: best practices in the Netherlands**

- **1**. Building public support for a dementia-friendly community.
  - Success factors: reciprocity-others wellbeing- (feelings of) making a difference
- 2. Interdisciplinary collaboration during the development and sustainability of dementia-friendly initiatives
  - Success factors: grip-interests- (feelings of) making a difference feeling connected
- Participation jointly by community residents, people with dementia, caregivers in dementia-friendly initiatives
  - Success factors: clarity-choice-interests- (feeling) respected





📢 ZonMw



#### **Building public support**



- Context "...when he [person with dementia] said 'this is about me', that changed the whole ambience ."
- Mechanism "sharing and adding, make a meaningful difference....."
- Outcome "...I understand that little things matter, and I can do that. That feels nice and is not complex' Everyone can do that."



#### Interdisciplinary collaboration for development and sustainability



- Context "...we're all important, but everyone in its own way."
- Mechanism "..nice to be part of this group, everyone does what suits him/her the most....."
- Outcome "...everyone is very committed and likes to be part of this group."









## **Fieldwork in Sheffield**

Mentality Study UK Advisory Group at University of Nottingham: Dr Neil Chadborn, Assoc. Prof Kate Radford, Prof Pip Logan, Prof Justine Schneider

- Attendance and informal observation:
  - Dementia Action Alliance
  - Dementia Café
- Interviews:
  - Network coordinator and managers of initiatives
  - Trainer
  - Volunteers
  - People with dementia and care partners (spouse or family)



## **Networks and advocates**



- Context "...these groups are only as good as the leaders, and these two are brilliant."
- Mechanism "For us, we have had a relationship with [trainer] for quite a while, and with [coordinator]"
- Outcome "...some of those organisations already existed. They're social health community organisations, some of whom had started doing dementia-related things; maybe cafes, walking groups, you know, all kinds of things."





## **Community ownership**



- Context "...Also a group in [area], run by the church, a lot of 'inbuilt' volunteers that's volunteer-run."
- Mechanism "Now they've got a volunteer who goes in a plays ukelele sometimes, with a dementia-friendly booklet [songbook] that's got different colours for all the songs."
- Outcome "...Social prescribing can't exist without community development the team that does the groups...."

#### **Summary**

- Interviews and focus groups help to refine theories that we developed in literature review (Phase A)
- Despite differences in context, there are commonalities between England (Sheffield) and Netherlands study sites eg:
  - Importance of advocates and building trust in communities
- Framework developed from realist theories
  - Will be implemented and tested in sites in Netherlands







#### Thanks for your attention

Please get in touch with questions or comments: Marjolein.Thijssen@radboudumc.nl Neil.Chadborn@nottingham.ac.uk @nchadborn





**Alzheimer Centrum** 

Radboudumc